

# NREM 65

Network reader module

User's guide





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# 2 Product description

The NREM 65 <sup>1)</sup> reader modules are designed for connection to the APS BUS of the APS 400 identification system. Up to 64 reader modules NREM 65 can be connected to a single MCA 168 controller.

The reader module is designed for surface mounting in outdoor and indoor environment.

# #\*\*

# 2.1 NREM 65 BK reader module

The NREM 65 BK modules are delivered in installation boxes in matt black color (*pic.* 1).

Pic. 1: NREM 65 BK reader module

### 2.2 NREM 65 GR reader module

The NREM 65 GR modules are delivered in installation boxes in dark grey color (*pic.* 2).



Pic. 2: NREM 65 GR reader module

# 3 Technical parameters

### 3.1 Product version

version			Catalogue	Module features <sup>2)</sup>	
Product ve	Product designation	Color	number	Ľ	E
Proc	NREM 65 BK – TF	Matt black	54465000	✓	*
ш.	NREM 65 BK – EM	Matt black	54465001	$\checkmark$	✓
	NREM 65 GR – TF	Dark grey	54465200	$\checkmark$	*
	NREM 65 GR – EM	Dark grey	54465201	$\checkmark$	✓

Table 1: Product version

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1)</sup> Commercial designation of available versions is described in *table 1*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2)</sup> TF – TECHFASS factory ID media reading; EM – EM Marin ID media reading;



### 3.2 Technical features

S	Supply voltage		8 ÷ 15 VDC (SELV)	
ture	Current demand	Typical	80 mA	
fea	Current demand	Maximal	90 mA	
cal	Keypad version		N/A	
Technical features	ID technology, typical reading range	EM Marin	8 cm (with ISO card)	
	Card memory		750 (for emergency function)	
	Inputs		2x Logical potential-free contact	
	Outputs		OC switching on 0 V, 2A/24V	
			Transistor output 5V/5mA + yellow LED	
	I/O Port	External device	Ext. tamper / ext. reader buzzer control / Reading synchronization: MASTER / SLAVE mode	
	Indicators		3x LED 1x PIEZO	
	Tompor protection	Against tearing-off	Hall probe	
	Tamper protection	Opening the cover	Opto-electronic	
	Communication interface		RS 485 - APS BUS	
	Alternative data input / output		WIEGAND (configurable)	

Table 2: Technical features

# 3.3 Special accessories

MAG	51900200	Magnet for Hall probe
WIO 22	51901200	Remote control module, 2x relay

Table 3: Special accessories

# 3.4 Using WIO 22 module for remote output control

The WIO 22 remote control WIEGAND relay module is designated for secure output control of APS system reader modules. The door open or other functions can be controlled from the module located inside the secure area, while the reader module can be located in the non-secure area.

The module is controlled by *WIEGAND* signal directly from the reader module working in standard operating mode. The module must be paired with appropriate reader module before use.



# 3.5 Mechanical design

Mechanical design	Weight		0.202 kg
	Operating Temperature		-25 ÷ 60 °C
ğ	Humidity		Max 95%, non-condensing
)ice	Housing		IP 54, IK 07
thai	Pigtail		2 m
Мес	Color	NREM 65 BK	Matt black
	Coloi	NREM 65 GR	Dark grey
	Dimensions		55x90x25 mm

Table 4: Mechanical design

# 4 Installation

# 4.1 Wiring description

uc	Color	Function
ptic	Red	Power sup. +13 VDC
scri	Red blue	Power sup. +13 VDC
qe	Green	I/O Port 3
Wiring description	Blue	GND (0 V)
Wir	Black	A wire - RS 485 line
	White	B wire - RS 485 line
	Pink	Output 2 (AUX)

Color	Function
Green white	WIEGAND data 0
Brown green	WIEGAND data 1
Yellow	Input 1 (IN1)
Grey	Input 2 (IN2)
Violet	Output 1 (transistor)
Brown	0 V
Grey pink	0 V

Table 5: Wiring description

Wires belonging to the cables that are not used must be insulated!

# 4.2 Standard connection (recommended, not obligatory) 3)

u	Input 1	Door contact, active when door closed
Connection	Input 2	Request to exit button or handle contact, active when button or handle pressed
Cor	Output 1	Door lock control (transistor switching on 0V)
	Output 2	AUX functions (transistor output +5 V/5mA) + yellow LED
	I/O Port	External tamper (Standard operating mode) External reader buzzer control (op. mode with entry reader) Reading synchronization: MASTER / SLAVE mode

Table 6: Standard connection



# 4.3 LED Indicators

D1 – top LED; D2 – middle LED; D3 – bottom LED

LED indicators			Continuously lit	Online operating mode via RS 485
		Red Blinking with 2s period Short flashing with 1 s period	Blinking with 2s period	Offline mode, emergency function enabled
	D1		Offline mode, emergency function disabled	
		Red / green	Fast switching	Address setting mode
		Green	Single flash	ID media reading
	D2	Yellow		Controlled by the controller's program <sup>3)</sup> , copies 2nd output status (AuxOutput)
	D3	Green		Controlled by the controller's program <sup>3)</sup> , copies 1st output status (Relay1)

Table 7: LED indicators

### 4.4 Installation instructions

The reader module uses passive RF/ID technology, which is sensitive to RF noise sources. Noise sources are generally of two types: radiating or conducting.

Conducted noise enters the reader via wires from the power supply or the host. Sometimes, switching power supplies generate enough noise to cause reader malfunction, it is recommended to use linear system power supplies.

Radiated noise is transmitted through the air. It can be caused by computer monitors or other electrical equipment generating electromagnetic fields.

Consequently, a short distance between the reader modules themselves can cause reading malfunctions – for correct operation it is necessary to keep a minimum distance of 50 cm. Various metallic constructions may have a negative influence on this distance; if there are any doubts, it is recommended to make a practical test before final mounting.

Nearby metal surfaces may cause a decrease in reading distance and speed. This is caused by the combined effects of parasitic capacitance and conductance.

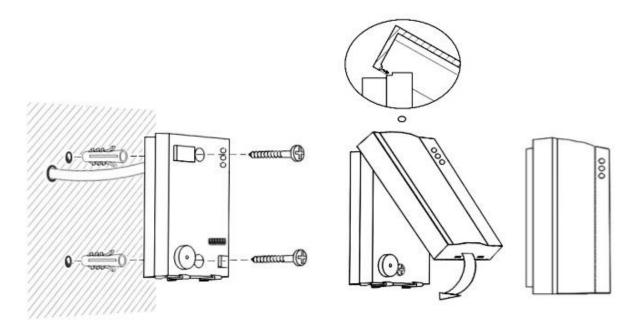
### 4.5 Mounting and removal the module

First fasten the base directly to the wall using two relevant fasteners, see *Pic. 3*. Then set the housing on the upper part of the base and rotate the housing until both parts snaps down.

It is recommended to place an installation box for connection of incoming cables on the other side of the wall or in highly secured area (with in/out readers).

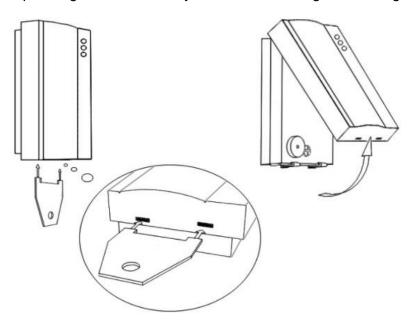
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3)</sup> The function of inputs and outputs is defined by user's programming of the controller.





Pic. 3: Mounting of the reader module

Release the clamps using the enclosed key before dismounting the housing, see Pic. 4.



Pic. 4: Removal of the reader module



# 5 Setting parameters of the reader module

# 5.1 Configurable parameters

ſS	Parameter	Possible range	Default setting
ete	Enabling of emergency function	YES/NO	NO
Parameters	Address on a communication line	1 ÷ 64	1
Par	Internal reader configuration	Configurable	Standard
	Invert transistor output	YES / NO	NO
	Operating mode	Standard / Wiegand Input / Wiegand Output	Standard
	All parameters are given by programming through the MCA 168 control module http://www.techfass.cz/files/aps_400_config_en.pdf		

Table 8: Configurable parameters

# 5.2 Reader module parameters setting

Setting of all parameters of the reader module can be done only when the module is connected to the system bus of MCA 168 controller. Detailed instructions for setting reader module parameters are described in the *APS 400 Network Reader* configuration program user's guide available at: http://www.techfass.cz/files/m\_aps\_400\_network\_reader\_en.pdf.

# 6 Reader module functioning

### 6.1 Operating modes

The NREM 65 reader modules are intended for online operating mode on APS 400 system BUS (APS BUS). The activity of the modules is defined by the system controller; so the modules are able to provide various functions not only controlling of the door.

In case of the communication line fails the modules can work in offline mode (when the *emergency function* is enabled) - it concerns the exit readers mostly. The "Door Open" function for last 750 valid cards registered before can be performed in this mode only.

# 6.2 Emergency "Door Open" function description

When the "Door Open" function is activated, the door lock is released and the beeper activated until the door is open or 5 s preset door lock release time has elapsed.

All events triggered while the offline mode is in progress are saved neither in the controller nor in the reader memory.



### 6.3 Read ID media format

### 6.3.1 EM Marin ID media format

The EM Marin ID media format can be changed into selected 24, 32 or 40 bits length of ID code. The default length is 40 bits. This setting is only changed when unifying of the ID media codes length is required – in combined systems with WIEGAND output readers with a fixed WIEGAND data format IDs (more information in *APS 400 Network Reader* user's guide available at http://www.techfass.cz/files/m\_aps\_400\_network\_reader\_en.pdf).

# 6.4 Wiegand interface configuration

# 6.4.1 Standard operating mode

This is the module default operating mode. The Wiegand interface is used for controlling the WIO 22 module in this configuration. When the reader module operates in the standard operating mode, the I/O Port (*tab. 5*) is used as an input for monitoring an external device tamper status.

# 6.4.2 Wiegand output

The module can be configured into a standard reader with a *WIEGAND output* in 26, 32, 42 or 44 bits format for *EM Marin* technology ID media. Read IDs are formatted with the previous setting first (see *chapter 6.3.1*), after that they are sent in the output format.

g.	ID media technology	Available configuration of the WIEGAND output format
Wie	ID media technology EM Marin	26bit, 32bit, 42bit, 44bit

Table 9: ID media format in WIEGAND operating mode

Two long beeps and the red LED lit feature powering up the module. The green LED blink indicates an ID reading.



Individual signals function in *WIEGAND output* operating mode is described in *table 10*.

þ	Input 1	Beeper control (0 V active)
gar	Input 2	Yellow LED control (0 V active)
Wie	Input 1 Input 2 Output 1 (transistor)	Tamper signaling; it follows the alarm state of tamper sensors (tamper signal = transistor switched on 0V) 3)

Table 10: Signal function in WIEGAND operating mode

Since the *FW version 2.79* the reading synchronization of a *couple of TECHFASS readers* is implemented, enabling to *cancel the mutual disturbance* of the modules. The reader module offers the *Wiegand data interface synchronization* in *MASTER* mode.

### 6.4.3 Wiegand input (entry reader)

The module can be configured into a mode of controlling the door from both sides (*entry reader mode*).

In the *entry reader mode* an identification at an external reader connected via the *WIEGAND interface* acquires a *reason code 255*; at the same time the reader module operates standardly, the reason codes equal zero.

When the reader module operates in the entry reader operating mode, the I/O Port (tab. 5) is used as an output for controlling the entry reader buzzer.

Since the *FW version 2.79* the reading synchronization of a *couple of TECHFASS readers* is implemented, enabling to *cancel the mutual disturbance* of the modules. The reader module offers the *Wiegand data interface synchronization* in *SLAVE* mode.

The WIEGAND input and WIEGAND output operating modes are mutually exclusive.

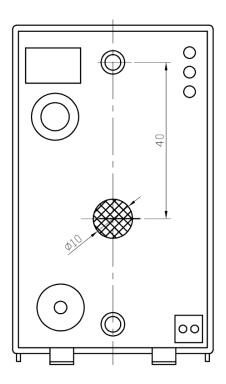
### 6.5 Reading synchronization

Since the *FW version 2.79* the reading synchronization of a *couple of TECHFASS readers* is implemented, enabling to *cancel the mutual disturbance* of the modules. The reader module offers to use the *IO synchronization* in both *MASTER* and *SLAVE* mode. The *input/output port 3* is used as the *synchronization signal*.



# 7 Placing a magnet for tearing-off indication

Drill a  $\varnothing$  10 mm hole 12 mm deep in a wall behind the reader module at designated place (*Pic. 5*). Insert a magnet (ordering number 51900200) and attach it in the hole with appropriate mastic to ensure the top surface of the magnet matches with the wall surface. Mount the reader module in formerly prepared holes mounted with plugs.



Pic. 5: Magnet placement

# 8 Useful links

- Wiring diagrams: http://techfass.cz/diagrams-aps-400-en.html
- Program equipment: http://techfass.cz/software-and-documentation-en.html